# Franklin International

## **Safety Data Sheet**

**Catalyst A** 

#### Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier Physical state Address	:	Catalyst A Liquid. Franklin International 2020 Bruck Street Columbus OH 43207
Contact person	:	Franklin Technical Services
Telephone	:	(800) 877-4583
In case of emergency	:	Franklin Security (614) 445-1300
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	:	SDS@FranklinInternational.com
Product code	:	4278700
Date of revision	:	8/28/2019
Safety Data Sheets are available online at	:	www.FranklinInternational.com
Chemtrec (24 Hour)	:	(800) 424 - 9300
Chemtrec International	:	+1 703-741-5970
Chemical family	:	Raw material.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Not applicable.

### Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Response	: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
Storage	: Store locked up.
Disposal	<ul> <li>Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> </ul>
Supplemental label elements	: Do not taste or swallow. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: Causes digestive tract burns.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture		
Ingredient name	%	CAS number
aluminium chloride [Dry]	≥25 - ≤50	7446-70-0

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

#### Section 4. First aid measures

<b>Description of necessa</b>	ary first aid measures
Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash contaminated skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in

### Section 4. First aid measures

recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effect	<u>S</u>		
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.		
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns.		
Ingestion	Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.		
Over-exposure signs/symptoms			
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness		
Inhalation	: No specific data.		
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur		
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains		
Indication of immediate medi	cal attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>		
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.		
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.		

See toxicological information (Section 11)

#### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	<ul> <li>Decomposition products may include the following materials: halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides</li> </ul>
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.</li> </ul>
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

#### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	nta	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). The spilled material may be neutralized with sodium carbonate, sodium bicarbonate or sodium hydroxide. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from alkalis. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Do not store below the following temperature: 0°C (32°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Separate from alkalis. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

**Occupational exposure limits** 

aluminium chloride [Dry]		OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Notes: as Al	
		TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Al) 8 hours. <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). Notes: as Al</b> TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Al) 10 hours.	
Appropriate engineering controls	local exhaust v	If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.	
controls they comply with t cases, fume scrub		n ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure th the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some crubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment ary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	
ndividual protection meas	ures		
Hygiene measures	eating, smokin Appropriate teo Wash contami	orearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before g and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. chniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. nated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety ose to the workstation location.	
Eye/face protection	assessment in gases or dusts the assessmer	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.	
Skin protection			
Hand protection	worn at all time necessary. Co during use that noted that the t glove manufac	tant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be as when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is insidering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check at the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different turers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.	
Body protection		ctive equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before roduct.	
Other skin protection	based on the ta	otwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected ask being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a re handling this product.	
Respiratory protection	appropriate sta	nazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the indard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a tection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important	

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 8/28/2019	Version : 1.03	5/11
Melting point	: Not available.		
рН	: <1		
Odor threshold	: Not available.		
Odor	: Faint odor.		
Color	: Colorless to light yellow.		
Physical state	: Liquid.		
<u>Appearance</u>			

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

•		• •
Boiling point	:	110°C (230°F)
Flash point	:	Closed cup: Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.
VOC (less water, less exempt solvents)	1	0 g/l
Volatility	:	72% (w/w)
Vapor density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	1.27 to 1.29
Solubility	:	Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water.
Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	1	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Not available.

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: Attacks many metals producing extremely flammable hydrogen gas which can form explosive mixtures with air.
	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: alkalis
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

Product/ingredient name	Result		ecies	Dose	Exposure	
aluminium chloride [Dry]	LD50 Oral	Ra	t	3450 mg/kg	-	
Irritation/Corrosion	-1	I		•		
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	e Exposure	Observation	
aluminium chloride [Dry]	Skin - Severe irritant Skin - Severe irritant Skin - Severe irritant	Mouse Pig Rabbit	- - -	10 % 10 % 10 %		
Conclusion/Summary	·	·	·		·	
Skin	: CAUSES SKIN BURNS	: CAUSES SKIN BURNS.				
Eyes	: Causes eye burns.	: Causes eye burns.				
Respiratory	: Irritating to respiratory s					
<u>Sensitization</u>						
	8/28/2019			Ve	rsion : 1.03	

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.	
Mutagenicity Not available.	
Carcinogenicity Not available.	
Reproductive toxicity Not available.	
Teratogenicity Not available.	
Specific target organ toxicit Not available.	<u>y (single exposure)</u>
Specific target organ toxicit Not available.	<u>y (repeated exposure)</u>
Aspiration hazard Not available.	
Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.
Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns.
Ingestion	: Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.
Symptoms related to the phy	sical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	<ul> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains</li> </ul>
Delayed and immediate effec	ts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>icts</u>

Not available.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

General	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Numerical measures of toxi	<u>city</u>	
Acute toxicity estimates		

Not available.

### Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
aluminium chloride [Dry]	Acute EC50 10.02 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute EC50 460 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 1500 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.65 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 570 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Adult Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours 96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

Not available.

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition<br/>coefficient (Koc): Not available.Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains
	and sewers.

Catalyst A

#### Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN2581	UN2581	UN2581	UN2581	UN2581	UN2581
UN proper shipping name	Aluminum chloride, solution	Aluminum chloride, solution	Aluminum chloride, solution	Aluminum chloride, solution	Aluminum chloride, solution	Aluminum chloride, solution
Transport hazard class(es)	8 CORRESING	8	8	8	8	8
Packing group	Ш	Ш	Ш	Ш	Ш	Ш
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

**Additional information** 

**TDG Classification** 

: Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.40-2.42 (Class 8).

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

### Section 15. Regulatory information

#### **U.S. Federal regulations**

#### SARA 302/304

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

				SARA 3	02 TPQ	SARA 30	04 RQ
Name		%	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
Hydrochloric acid		≤0.3	Yes.	500	-	5000	-
SARA 304 RQ	: 25000	00 lbs / 1135000	) kg [234246.	3 gal / 880	6718.8 L]		
SARA 311/312							
Classification	SERIC	CORROSION - Category 1 OUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 C - Corrosive to digestive tract					
Composition/information	on ingredi	<u>ents</u>					
Name	%		Classificatio	on			
aluminium chloride [Dry]	≥25		SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1				

#### **State regulations**

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Section 15. Regula	atory information
Massachusetts	: The following components are listed: ALUMINUM CHLORIDE
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	: The following components are listed: ALUMINUM CHLORIDE
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: ALUMINUM CHLORIDE
<u>California Prop. 65</u>	
This product does not r	equire a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.
International regulations	
Chemical Weapon Conven	tion List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.	
Montreal Protocol	
Not listed.	
Stockholm Convention on	Persistent Organic Pollutants
Not listed.	
UNECE Aarhus Protocol or	n POPs and Heavy Metals
Not listed.	
Inventory list	
China	: All components are listed or exempted.
United States TSCA 8(b) inventory	: All components are listed or exempted.

### Section 16. Other information

#### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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### Section 16. Other information

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

	Justification	
SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1		Expert judgment Expert judgment
History		
Date of printing	: 12/17/2019	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 8/28/2019	
Date of previous issue	: 10/24/2018	
Version	: 1.03	
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coe MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = mari UN = United Nations	fficient on of Pollution From Ships, 1973
References	: Not available.	

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.