

Safety Data Sheet

Titebond Instant Wood Bond Gel

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	:	Titebond Instant Wood Bond Gel
Physical state	:	Liquid.
Address	:	Franklin International 2020 Bruck Street Columbus OH 43207
Contact person	:	Franklin Technical Services
Telephone	:	(800) 877-4583
In case of emergency	:	Franklin Security (614) 445-1300
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	:	SDS@FranklinInternational.com
Reference number	:	00
Product code	:	6232
Date of revision	:	5/2/2019
Safety Data Sheets are available online at	:	www.FranklinInternational.com
Chemtrec (24 Hour)	:	(800) 424 - 9300
Chemtrec International	1	(703) 527 - 3887
Chemical family	;	Adhesive.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Not applicable.

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	 This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 75%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	: Combustible liquid. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause respiratory irritation.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from flames and hot surfaces No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture		
Ingredient name	%	CAS number
ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate	≥75 - ≤90	7085-85-0

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary firs	<u>t aid measures</u>
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.

Section 4. First aid measures

Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/e	ffects, acute and delayed		
Potential acute health effect	<u>ets</u>		
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.		
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.		
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.		
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>otoms</u>		
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness		
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing		
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness		
Ingestion	: No specific data.		
Indication of immediate med	lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.		
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.		
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.		
See toxicological informatio	n (Section 11)		

See toxicological information (Section 11) Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

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Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Combustible liquid. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: -15 to 25°C (5 to 77°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate		 ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer. TWA: 0.2 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 1 ppm 15 minutes. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as CN) 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as CN) 8 hours.
Appropriate engineering controls	other engineerir recommended of	dequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or ng controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, oncentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof oment.
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with cases, fume scr	ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure h the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some rubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment ry to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection meas	ures	
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking Appropriate tecl Wash contamin	rearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. hniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. ated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety se to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	assessment ind gases or dusts.	complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk licates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless t indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	worn at all times necessary. Cor during use that noted that the ti glove manufacto	ant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be s when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is nsidering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be me to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different urers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection		tive equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before oduct.
Other skin protection	based on the ta	twear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected sk being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a e handling this product.
Respiratory protection	appropriate star	azard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the ndard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a ection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid. [Clear to slightly hazy liquid.]
Color	: Clear to slightly hazy liquid.
Odor	: Characteristic. [Strong]
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: 149°C (300.2°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 93°C (199.4°F)
VOC (less water, less exempt solvents)	: 20 g/l
	Not available.
Vapor pressure	: <0.027 kPa (<0.2 mm Hg) [room temperature]
Relative density	: 1.07
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Auto-ignition temperature	: 485°C (905°F)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	 Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Oral		21110 mg/m³ >5000 mg/kg	1 hours -

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate	Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	0.5 Grams 24 hours 500 microliters	-

Skin	: Bonds skin and eyes in seconds.
Eyes	: Bonds skin and eyes in seconds.
Respiratory	: Irritating to respiratory system.
Sensitization	
Not available.	

Section 11. Toxicological information

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Titebond Instant Wood Bond Gel		Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Specific target organ toxici	<u>ty (repeated exposure)</u>			
Not available.				
Aspiration hazard				
Not available.				
Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Routes of entry anticipated Routes of entry not anticipated		on.	
Potential acute health effects	<u>s</u>			
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation	on.		
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irrita	ation.		
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.			
Ingestion	: No known significant effect	s or critical hazar	ds.	
Symptoms related to the phy	vsical, chemical and toxicolog	gical characterist	<u>ics</u>	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may in pain or irritation watering redness	clude the following	j:	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may in respiratory tract irritation coughing	clude the following	j:	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may in irritation redness	clude the following	j:	
Ingestion	: No specific data.			
Delayed and immediate effect	cts and also chronic effects fr	rom short and lo	ng term exposure	
<u>Short term exposure</u>				
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.			
Long term exposure				
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.			
Potential chronic health eff	ects			

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Numerical measures of toxi	<u>city</u>
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Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been
	cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil waterways, drains and sewers

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	UN3334

Section 14. Transport information **UN** proper UN3334 shipping name Aviation regulated liquid, n.o.s. (ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate) Transport _ _ _ _ -9 hazard class(es) **Packing group** Ш **Environmental** No. No. No. No. No. No. hazards

Additional information

ΙΑΤΑ

: Remarks Less than 500 ml not regulated

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 **EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A** SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate		FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4

State re	yu	ιαιιυί	13
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Massachusetts: None of the components are listed.New York: None of the components are listed.New Jersey: The following components are listed: ETHYL CYANOACRYLATE; 2-CYANOETHYL ACRYLATEPennsylvania: The following components are listed: CYANIDE COMPOUNDS	Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5/2/2019	Version : 2 9/1
New York : None of the components are listed. New Jersey : The following components are listed: ETHYL CYANOACRYLATE; 2-CYANOETHYL	Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: CYAN	IDE COMPOUNDS
·	New Jersey	•	L CYANOACRYLATE; 2-CYANOETHYL
Massachusetts : None of the components are listed.	New York	: None of the components are listed.	
	Massachusetts	: None of the components are listed.	

Section 15. Regulatory information

California Prop. 65

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

China

: All components are listed or exempted.

United States TSCA 8(b) inventory

: All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Section 16. Other information

	Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3		Expert judgment Expert judgment Expert judgment Expert judgment
<u>History</u>		
Date of printing	: 5/2/2019	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5/2/2019	
Date of previous issue	: 5/2/2019	
Version	: 2	
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition co MARPOL = International Convention for the Preven as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = ma UN = United Nations	befficient tion of Pollution From Ships, 1973
References	· Not available	

References

: Not available.

V Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.